Software in the Public Interest, Inc.
2021 Annual Report

July 11, 2022

To the membership, board and friends of Software in the Public Interest, Inc:

As mandated by Article 8 of the SPI Bylaws, I respectfully submit this annual report on the activities of Software in the Public Interest, Inc. and extend my thanks to all of those who contributed to the mission of SPI in the past year.

– Michael Schultheiss, SPI President

Contents

Chapter 1

President's Welcome

The mission of SPI is to help substantial and significant open source projects by handling their non-technical administrative tasks so that they aren't required to operate their own legal entity.

During the current board term, SPI (its officers, directors, contractors and volunteers) has continued to refine and improve its processes and response time. Due to the continuing global pandemic, we were unable to have our customary in-person Treasury sprints and board meetings. We were able to schedule virtual sprints and board meetings in Spring 2021 and hope to return to our annual in-person sprints and meetings when possible as they continue to be highly productive and I strongly recommend they continue going forward when in-person meetings are again practical. SPI Vice President Stephen Frost has been instrumental in refining our contracting process and has been an excellent liaison with SPI's legal counsel.

SPI continues to fill a needed role in the free and open source software community. Sister organizations exist and are not competitors for hosting projects but have differing roles in the ecosystem. We welcome associated projects to freely move to other umbrella organizations if they need more than SPI's relatively hands-off manner can provide as well as welcome any projects who prefer to join SPI due to our focus.

SPI had its financial statements independently audited for the 2020 calendar year and plans to continue having its financial statements independently audited annually going forward. The independent audit for the 2021 calendar year is currently underway.

The SPI board is extremely thankful for the work Martin Michlmayr has done working with SPI's auditor and streamlining our bookkeeping. Martin has been instrumental in releasing periodic treasury reports, updating the financial toolset and assisting the treasury team with data validation.

I have been involved with SPI and a number of its associated projects for many years and am pleased that SPI continues to grow and thrive. I look forward to continued growth of SPI over the coming year. Thank you again to all SPI officers, directors, contractors, volunteers and members. SPI continues to thrive thanks to your contributions.

– Michael Schultheiss, SPI President

Chapter 2

Committee Reports

2.1 Membership Committee

2.1.1 Statistics

On January 1, 2021 we had 232 contributing and 1173 non-contributing members. On December 31, 2021 there were 243 contributing members and 1253 non-contributing members. This is an increase of 11 contributing members and an increase of 80 non-contributing members.

Chapter 3

Board Report

3.1 Board Members

Board members as of January 1, 2021:

- Michael Schultheiss (President)
- Stephen Frost (Vice President)
- Tim Potter (Secretary)
- Martin Zobel-Helas (Treasurer)
- Joe Conway
- Luca Filipozzi
- Forrest Fleming
- Chris Lamb
- Héctor Orón Martínez

Board members as of December 31, 2021:

- Michael Schultheiss (President)
- Stephen Frost (Vice President)
- Tim Potter (Secretary)
- Héctor Orón Martínez (Treasurer)
- Joe Conway
- Forrest Fleming
- Milan Kupcevic
- Chris Lamb
- Martin Zobel-Helas

3.2 Board Changes

Changes that occurred during the year:

- Luca Filipozzi resigned from the board in February 2021. We'd like to thank Luca for his contributions!

- The board appointed Milan Kupcevic as an interim director in April 2021.

- On August 16, 2021 the board voted to appoint the following officers:

    - President: Michael Schultheiss

    - Vice President: Stephen Frost

    - Secretary: Tim Potter

- On September 13, 2021 the board voted to appoint the following officers:

    - Treasurer: Héctor Orón Martínez

3.3   Elections

A board membership election was conducted in July 2021. There were 3 board seats up for election. Nominations were received from Stephen Frost, Milan Kupcevic, and Michael Schultheiss. Since there were 3 nominations for 3 board seats, no vote was required and all three candidates were elected for a 3 year term.

Chapter 4

Treasurer's Report

SPI will publish audited financial statements later in July or August.

Chapter 5

Member Project Reports

5.1 New Associated Projects

5.1.1 Adélie Linux

Adélie is an independent Linux distribution committed to integrity, privacy, and user freedom. Adélie is lightweight and supports many 32- and 64-bit computer architectures. Adélie is designed for both desktop and server use.

5.1.2 PMIx

The PMIx Standard Community Project is governed by the PMIx Administrative Steering Committee (ASC). The ASC is a formal body that manages the PMIx Standard, PMIx Governance, and associated documents. The PMIx Standard document defines an API that provides libraries, tools, and resource managers with portable and well-defined access to commonly needed services in high-performance distributed and parallel computing systems.

5.2 Projects No Longer Associated with SPI

- OpenWrt joined Software Freedom Conservancy.
- Performance Co-Pilot started using the OpenCollective Foundation platform to manage funds and no longer needs services from SPI.

5.3 Updates from Associated Projects

5.3.1 0 A.D.

0 A.D. (pronounced "zero ey-dee") is a cross-platform, real-time strategy (RTS) game of ancient warfare. It is a historically-based war/economy game, in which the player must lead an ancient civilization, gather resources, and raise a military force to conquer enemy factions. 0 A.D. is open source software licensed under the GPL, and its art and sound assets are licensed under CC BY-SA. It is developed by Wildfire Games, a global community of game developers.

In 2021, we released two alpha versions, each with new features and improvements. For example, we made progress on improving pathfinding and reducing game lag, which improved the user experience immensely. We adjusted the gameplay balance, improved the graphics renderer and tweaked the in-game user interface. Additionally, we upgraded the game's JavaScript engine (SpiderMonkey), began using up-to-date compiler

and code standards, and added a reinforcement learning component to the AI engine. As always, we added many new and amazing art assets as well.

Team members also presented the game at FOSS community events (such as FOSDEM) and on podcasts (such as Hanselminutes). Taken together, these outreach efforts helped raise awareness of 0 A.D. and facilitated recruitment of contributors.

We wish to extend our thanks to our generous donors and to SPI for helping us achieve this progress.

Submitted by Aviv Sharon

5.3.2 Adélie Linux

The Adélie Linux distribution underwent a strategic change in leadership to further refine and drive its mission. Zach van Rijn, former software engineer at IBM and computational modeler at Sanofi, succeeded A. Wilcox as the project's lead.

Adélie is a lightweight, musl-based, independent Linux platform for desktop and server use, committed to integrity, privacy, and user freedom.

In 2021, Adélie proudly accepted an invitation to join SPI. We took major steps to improve community engagement, including redesigning our web site and services to make them easier to navigate and maintain.

We overhauled our core infrastructure after receiving several hardware donations. We moved into a co-location facility to accommodate short- and long-term projects as we expand into scientific computing and research collaborations.

Action Retro published a surprise feature showing that Adélie is also a viable desktop distribution for '90s era 32-bit PowerPC Macintosh hardware.

We attended AlpineConf 2021, the inaugural Alpine Linux conference, to discuss matters relevant to the musl ecosystem. Behind the scenes, we're working closely with these projects to improve the state of free and open source software.

We wrapped up 2021, despite beginning the year without access to any build servers (long story), by building and testing packages for all six of our supported architectures: ARM, POWER, and x86 in both 32- and 64-bit address models.

For 2022, you can look forward to our third release candidate, RC3, and hopefully our 1.0 general release. Please follow our blog and social media accounts to stay informed about our progress!

Submitted by Zach van Rijn

5.3.3 Arch Linux

Arch Linux is a lightweight and flexible Linux distribution that tries to *Keep It Simple*. This year we continued to work on usability and community outreach with a focus on technical improvements.

A man pages indexing site at man.archlinux.org launched in January, which publishes the man pages of all our packages and allows searching and browsing.

As of April, our installation medium provides a guided installer called `archinstall` as an addition to the default method based on the installation guide. The guided installer offers various customization features, including a plugin and profile system aimed at making the installation process more convenient.

In May we moved all our official IRC channels from Freenode to Libera.

In the second half of the year our arch-repo-management project gained features to provide daily validation checks of package repository databases. The project's tooling is meant to replace the aging db scripts in the future, which is used for package repository management.

Submitted by Levente Polyák

5.3.4 ArduPilot

ArduPilot is a cross-platform free software autopilot project for a wide range of robotic vehicles. ArduPilot continues to thrive, with our global and growing community of users, partners and developers continuing to achieve remarkable things. The 2021 Developers Conference was again a virtual event, and was a great success — the flexibility and additional participation provided by online attendance adds significant value and will be continued into the future (hopefully as a hybrid event when in-person attendance is again a reality).

Our Partners Program has accelerated yet again, enabling and requiring additional staff for managing the quantity and quality of code contributions, and provide real-time support to industry. This is enabling deeper interaction at many levels, with many benefits beyond financial support.

The most significant, although externally almost invisible, achievement for ArduPilot in 2021 was the establishment of The ArduPilot Foundation, a Not-For-Profit incorporated in Australia with the express purpose of supporting the ArduPilot project. Whilst our commitment (and gratitude) to SPI remains, the addition of our Foundation has enabled the project to broaden its engagement in ways that have been welcomed by our Community, the Development Team and our corporate Partners. ArduPilot looks forward to 2022 and beyond enthusiastically.

Submitted by James Pattison

5.3.5 Debian

During 2021, Debian released a new stable release, namely Debian GNU/Linux 11 (bullseye). We also released four point releases for Debian 10, and two point releases for Debian 11, which incorporates security updates and critical fixes for these stable releases.

We gained 25 new Debian Developers, and 26 new Debian Maintainers who we hope will also become full project members in the future.

To stay up to date with what's happening in the Debian project, subscribe to the Bits from Debian website.

Submitted by Jonathan Carter

5.3.6 FFmpeg

FFmpeg is a complete, cross-platform solution to record, convert and stream audio and video. It is used as the foundation platform of many projects dealing with multimedia, both open source and proprietary, and is used extensively by several web-based multimedia conversion and processing services.

In the year 2021 FFmpeg delivered the 4.4 formal release and many security updates of old releases. A complete list of changes can be found in the changelog.

FFmpeg joined the GSoC 2021 program, with a total of two completed projects.

Due to the pandemic crisis, no meetings and conferences were attended by FFmpeg developers during the year.

Submitted by Stefano Sabatini

5.3.7 Haskell.org

Haskell.org is an infrastructure hub for the Haskell programming language community. In 2021, it helped launch the Haskell Foundation, an organization which has raised over $500,000 to support improvement of the Haskell ecosystem. It also continued its many ongoing community support initiatives, including running Google Summer of Code for Haskell and maintaining the haskell.org website.

Submitted by Ryan Trinkle

5.3.8 LibreOffice

In 2021, The Document Foundation (TDF) released two major versions of LibreOffice, starting with LibreOffice 7.1 in February. A new dialog was added which lets users select their desired user interface design on first startup (including the regular menu+toolbar setup, and NotebookBar alternative). In Writer, a new Style Inspector was created to display the attributes of Paragraph and Character Styles, and manually formatted (Direct Formatting) properties. In Calc, significant speed improvements for Autofilter and find/replace operations were implemented, while the possibility to add visible signatures to existing PDF files in Draw was included too. On top of the new features, there were many other general improvements to performance, compatibility and stability.

Later in the year, on August 19, TDF released LibreOffice 7.2. Based on the LibreOffice Technology platform for personal productivity on desktop, mobile and cloud, it provided a large number of interoperability improvements with Microsoft's proprietary file formats. In addition, LibreOffice 7.2 Community offered numerous performance improvements in handling large files, opening certain DOCX and XLSX files, managing font caching, and opening presentations and drawings that contain large images. There were also drawing speed improvements when using the Skia back-end that was introduced with LibreOffice 7.1.

Submitted by Mike Saunders

5.3.9 ns-3

ns-3 is a discrete-event, packet-level network simulator with an emphasis on networking research and education.

In 2021, ns-3 made three regular software releases of the main simulator, and published an additional release of its Direct Code Execution environment framework. Among the most significant or extensive changes were the addition of models of the current Wi-Fi 6 standard, new congestion control models for TCP, and improvements to the antenna and channel models for 4G LTE simulations.

ns-3 also mentored three student projects in the 2021 edition of Google Summer of Code, and organized its thirteenth annual academic workshop, featuring twelve technical paper presentations and numerous lightning talks and tutorial sessions. The workshop was held online due to the pandemic.

Submitted by Tom Henderson

5.3.10 OFTC

OFTC aims to provide stable and effective collaboration services to members of the community in any part of the world.

We're excited to be working towards updating our software stack while still continuing to support communities that use our services.

Submitted by Tom Wesley

5.3.11 Open Bioinformatics Foundation

The Open Bioinformatics Foundation (OBF) is a non-profit, volunteer-run group that promotes open source and open science in biological research. At the public Board meeting in September 2021, two new Board members were elected: Hilyatuz Zahroh (Genetics Research Centre, Universitas YARSI, Indonesia) and Caleb Kibet (International Center of Insect Physiology and Ecology, Kenya).

The OBF adopted a Code of Conduct in January 2022 after being approved by a membership-wide referendum. OBF participated in Google Summer of Code 2021 and has been accepted for 2022. OBF Event Fellowships were awarded to 21 people in the past year to attend relevant virtual events. We sponsored

two ISCBacademy talks: Mad Price Ball (Open Humans Foundation), "Open Sourcing Ourselves – Together" (September 2021); and Yo Yehudi (Open Life Science), "Growing open source communities with internships" (February 2022).

OBF's most important event is the annual Bioinformatics Open Source Conference (BOSC). BOSC 2021 was held online July 29-30, 2021, as part of ISMB/ECCB 2021. One of the keynote speakers (Thomas Hervé Mboa Nkoudou, a leader in the biotech maker movement in Africa) delivered his keynote talk in French with English subtitles—a first for ISMB. In 2021, BOSC began offering honoraria to keynote speakers, in recognition of the fact that not all researchers are privileged to be able to gift their time. 20 BOSC 2021 participants from around the world were offered free registration for the virtual meeting. BOSC 2022 will take place July 13-14, 2022, as part of ISMB 2022 in Madison, Wisconsin, USA (with an online participation option).

Submitted by Nomi Harris

5.3.12   OpenEmbedded

OpenEmbedded is a build system that creates custom Linux distributions for devices running Linux. Traditionally used for creating images for embedded devices, OpenEmbedded is now used all over to create small images for Internet of things (IoT) devices, to large images pushing into the desktop space. Over the past year, we see additional users who build edge routers for IoT applications and images to deploy in popular containers systems.

To support the OpenEmbedded developer community, we work with the Yocto Project to arrange developer meetings twice a year. This year was challenging with the pandemic ending in-person meetings. We did assist the Yocto Project with a couple of virtual events and hosted a virtual developer meeting.

Submitted by Philip Balister

5.3.13   Open MPI

The Open MPI community is a collection of academics, researchers, and vendors who continue to develop cutting-edge technology for today's most-demanding High Performance Computing (HPC) environments.

The community continues to maintain stable release series (v4.0.x and v4.1.x), even while working towards an aggressive new release series (v5.1.x).

In 2021:

- The community released v4.0.6 and v4.0.7. v4.0.7 is expected to be the end of the v4.0.x series.

- The community also released v4.1.1 and v4.1.2. More releases are expected on this stable release series.

- As with 2020, a major area of focus is the upcoming v5.0.x series. This series includes major under-the-covers changes to Open MPI's architecture and infrastructure, as well as several new features from the MPI-4.0 standard (which was ratified on June 9, 2021). The v5.0.x series has taken longer than expected; we hope to release it in 2022.

The Hardware Locality (`hwloc`) sub-project had a bug-fix release (v2.4.1) and several minor releases: v2.5.0, v2.6.0, and v2.7.0. Continuing prior release norms, the minor releases mainly deal with updates for new hardware and vendor form factors in advanced computing platforms.

Submitted by Jeff Squyres

5.3.14   OpenSAF

OpenSAF is a high availability middleware, which helps in achieving 99.999% of service availability to business and mission critical applications. It is the fastest and the most efficient middleware implementation

of AIS specifications from SA Forum. OpenSAF is being used mostly in telecom and defence applications worldwide. OpenSAF can detect fault and perform recovery in few milliseconds.

In 2021, we made significant contributions to OpenSAF. We delivered 3 major releases:

- OpenSAF-5.21.03
- OpenSAF-5.21.06
- OpenSAF-5.21.09

We contributed 10 enhancements in all of these releases.

Submitted by Nagendra Kumar

5.3.15   OpenZFS

OpenZFS held its annual Developer Summit online in November, 2021. The successful event had 9 presentation from people at 5 companies and one independent member of the community. There were approximately 400 attendees over the course of the summit and 100 people who attended the full day. Several of the presentation videos have received over 1000 views since the summit.

The main technical work was DRAID in OpenZFS 2.1. DRAID is a new distributed variant of RAIDZ which enables dramatically faster resilver times using integrated hot spares. Full redundancy can be restored to the pool in a fraction of the time normally required to do a full disk replacement.

Submitted by Matthew Ahrens

5.3.16   PMIx

The PMIx Standardization community is an international group spanning academia, research institutions, and industry vendors. Our collective focus is on refining and extending the PMIx interface to support existing and future parallel and distributed workloads in their needs to connect with various system services in cloud, data center, and HPC environments.

The community released the PMIx Standard v4.1 document in October 2021. This document includes clarifications and a new chapter on storage hierarchy inspection. In 2021 the community worked hard on clarifying semantics and interfaces in the PMIx standard. Additionally, the PMIx community added a new set of use cases to the forthcoming v5.0 release. These use cases provide an entry point to new users of the PMIx standard.

Submitted by Josh Hursey and Kathryn Mohror

5.3.17   PostgreSQL

In 2021 PostgreSQL was once again able to release a new major version, PostgreSQL 14. We are especially happy with this release and think it will become a critical version for users moving forward. In particular, this release builds on the past few releases to improve index management and performance, and also includes improvements to the autovacuum process to more aggressively handle transaction wrap-around scenarios, which we think considerably improve the overall experience working with PostgreSQL.

As for the PostgreSQL community, we continued with several initiatives including our participation in Google Summer of Code and our contributor appreciation program. We also saw our community start to take our first steps back towards in-person events, with mostly localized meetups and a few regional conferences, but with an eye towards an increasing number of events to come in 2022.

Submitted by Robert Treat

5.3.18 Privoxy

In 2021, three Privoxy releases were announced.

For the first time in Privoxy's history work was done that is going to be paid with project funds held by SPI.

The first funded project was leveraging curl's tests suite to test Privoxy, the second project was using WolfSSL as TLS backend for HTTPS inspection.

Both projects are currently in the review state and are expected to be part of a Privoxy release in 2022.

Submitted by Fabian Keil

5.3.19 systemd

In 2021 we published three major releases of systemd and about two dozen point releases with bug fixes. We merged 5968 commits (up from 4878 in 2020) from a total of 382 contributors.

We didn't participate in any in-person conferences (because of the pandemic), but we established a bi-weekly maintainer meeting and the project is maintaining a steady pace of development.

Submitted by Zbigniew Jędrzejewski-Szmek

5.3.20 The Mana World

The Mana World (TMW) is an effort to create an innovative free and open source MMORPG (massively multiplayer online role-playing game), along with the accompanying game engine, game client, tooling and documentation. During the year of 2021, several important decisions were taken, such as to migrate the current (legacy) server to the new server engine and a sparking new Privacy Policy.

Following Freenode's takeover, we moved our IRC to Libera Chat and together with SPI, moved the DNS records to Gandi. While we lost a few developers, new volunteers have joined us, and we have taken the opportunity to add new content to the legacy server as well. Progress is steady, and we expect to change the engine of the currently running servers by the end of 2022 or early 2023.

Submitted by The Mana World development team

5.3.21 Translatewiki.net

Translatewiki.net is an online translation platform for free and open source projects and volunteer translators. This year we saw a modest growth in activity. 1,046 new translators signed up to be part of our community and 1,627 active translators made over half a million translation updates during the year. Additionally, 57 new software projects or their components were added for translation.

On the development side, we improved translation updates in many ways. We implemented removal of translations in languages falling under a certain completion threshold, fully automated translation updates with strong synchronization guarantees to avoid overriding or corrupting any translations, and fully automated translation backports to supported release branches of MediaWiki on a weekly schedule.

Submitted by Niklas Laxström

5.3.22 Tux4Kids

2021 saw two releases of Tux Paint, in June and November.

Between the two versions, we added the following new features:

- Gradient and freehand variations added to the bucket Fill tool
- Support for angled brushes in the Paint and Line tools

- Nine new "Magic" effect tools were added, and updates to some others

- The Magic tools were split into groups

- An option was added to scale the user interface; useful for high-DPI monitors, small mobile devices, and users utilizing eye-gaze trackers)

- User documentation was reorganized and overhauled, and now allows for easier and more consistent translation

- The "Tux Paint Config" settings tool (for parents/teachers) had its UI cleaned up and also supports larger and higher-DPI displays

- A new gallery was added to the Tux Paint website, showcasing some of the most incredible work done by children and adults around the world

This was on the heels of two releases in mid- and late-2020, with many more updates already under way in 2022.

Submitted by Bill Kendrick

5.3.23 X.Org

The X.Org and freedesktop.org communities help to create a free and open accelerated graphics stack, including major components such as the DRM kernel graphics subsystem, Mesa 3D graphics library, Wayland compositors and the X Window System.

In 2021, we've been supporting the community through various services we provide such as the gitlab.freedesktop.org hosting infrastructure. We're also working on trying to start up discussions with the MIPI alliance to make it easier for open source projects to implement various MIPI related specifications.

And for the X.org Developer's Conference in 2021, we managed to secure 11 sponsors!

Submitted by Lyude Paul

Appendix A

About SPI

SPI is a non-profit organization which was founded to help organizations develop and distribute open hardware and software. We encourage programmers to use the GNU General Public License or other licenses that allow free redistribution and use of software, and hardware developers to distribute documentation that will allow device drivers to be written for their product.

SPI was incorporated as a non-profit organization on June 16, 1997 in the state of New York. Since then, it has become an umbrella organization for projects from the community.

In 1999, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) of the United States government determined that under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code SPI qualifies for 501(c)(3) (non-profit organization) status under section 509(a)(1) and 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). This means that donations made to SPI and its supported projects are tax-deductible as charitable donations for US taxpayers.

debian

openembedded

haskell.org

OpenVAS

FLUXBOX

Glucosio

Privoxy

[● ◄]
systemd

GNUstep

OpenZFS

Y·A·F·A·R·A·Y

OpenSAF™
The Open Service Availability Framework

archlinux 32

ARDUPILOT

FFmpeg

chakra

GNU TeXmacs

A.D.

Gallery
YOUR PHOTOS ON YOUR WEBSITE

NTPsec

TUX4KIDS

PostgreSQL

Open MPI

OVF
THE OPEN VIRTUALIZATION FORMAT

SPROUTCORE

.Org Foundation

PMIx10^18

LibreOffice
The Document Foundation

aptosid

archlinux

OFTC
open and free technology community

Swathanthra Malayalam Computing

The Mana World

Ankur.org.in
বাংলা

OPEN
BIOINFORMATICS
FOUNDATION

MinGW.org

Translatewiki.net

ganeti

ns-3
NETWORK SIMULATOR

Adélie
Linux

SFI

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